

PROSPERITY CRY POTENT

Mr. Bryan's Impressions on the Result of the Election.

The Nebraskaan discusses the influence which caused his defeat—Republican Campaign of Present Conditions With the Panic Times Between 1893 and 1896 of Great Weight With Many People—Voted Won by the Appeal to Stand by the President During the War in the Philippines—The Fight Between Plutocracy and Democracy to Go On—To Remain in Lincoln—Not to Be a Candidate for Senator.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 8.—Mr. Bryan did three things today. He sent a telegram of congratulation to the President, he denied emphatically that he was going to run for United States Senator from Nebraska, and he gave out a statement in which he gave his impressions of the result and what brought it about. Incidentally, he said he was going to remain in Lincoln.

Along about 11:20, Chairman Jones and Mr. Bryan had a long talk over the long distance telephone. What the chairman imparted to him can only be guessed at. After they had finished he sat down and wrote a telegram, the address of which was not given, but which was sent to the editor of the Lincoln Nebraskaan. The telegram was sent to the Nebraskaan, and the Nebraskaan sent it to the Lincoln Nebraskaan.

In saying that he would not be a candidate for Senator before the Legislature, Mr. Bryan spoke better than he knew. Returns received today, indicate that the Fusionists will not have a majority on joint ballot, nor will they control either house.

The declaration that he would not remove from Lincoln was brought out by a revival of the story of his reported intention to remove to Texas. He spent last winter in Austin, and one day declared, but jokingly only, that if he were defeated for President, he would come there to live. The good people have taken him at his word, and it was said would offer him a chair in the State University.

When asked about this today, he dictated this statement:

"There is no truth in the report. I have no intention of leaving Lincoln."

This evening he gave out the following statement embodying his first impressions of the election results.

"The result was a surprise to me, and the magnitude of the Republican victory was a surprise to my opponents as well as to those who voted our ticket. It is impossible to analyze the returns until they are more complete, but, speaking generally, we seem to have gained in the large cities and to have lost in the rural districts and in the country. The Republicans were able to secure tickets or passes for all of their voters who were away from home, and this afforded them considerable advantage.

"We have no way of knowing at this time how much money was spent in the purchase of votes and in colonization. But, while these would account for some of the Republican gains, they could not account for widespread increases in the vote in the cities and in the country. The Republicans were able to secure tickets or passes for all of their voters who were away from home, and this afforded them considerable advantage.

"The appeal 'Stand by the President while the war is on' had a great deal of influence among those who did not realize that the war against a Government of self-government in the Philippines must react upon us in this country.

"We made an honest fight on a honest platform, and have done our duty as we saw it. We have nothing to regret. We are defeated, but not discouraged. The fight must go on. I am sure that the Republic will be saved by the people when the policies are fully understood. The contest between plutocracy and democracy cannot end until one or the other is completely triumphant."

In answer to inquiries concerning himself he said:

"I have come out of the campaign with perfect health and a clear conscience. I did my most to bring success to the principles for which I stood. Mr. Stevenson did all that he could; Senator Jones and the members of the Democratic, Populist, Silver Republican and Anti-Imperialist committees did all they could. Mr. Hearst and his associates in the club organization put forth their best efforts. Our newspapers, our campaign speakers and our local organizations all did their part. I have no fault to find and no reproaches."

"I expect to take an active interest in politics as long as I live. I believe it to be the duty of the citizen to do so, and in addition to my interest as a citizen, I feel that it will require a life time of work to repay the political friends who have done so much for me."

"I shall not be a Senatorial candidate before the Legislature which has been elected. Senator Allen deserves the Senatorship which goes to the Populists. Mr. Hitchcock and Mr. W. H. Thompson are avowed candidates for the Democratic Senatorship. They both deserve well of the party, and I am too grateful to them for past support to stand in their way, even if I desired a seat in the Senate."

THE GOVERNOR A DEMOCRAT.

Washington, However, Gives a Plurality for McKinley.

TACOMA, Wash., Nov. 8.—Nearly complete returns from all counties in Washington show that this State will give McKinley 10,000 to 12,000 plurality. The pluralities for Jones and Cushman, Republicans, who are elected to Congress 4 plurality and Cushman 2,700.

11:25 to Baltimore and Return via B. & O. Saturday and Sunday.

Frank Libbey & Co. have lowered prices. New flooring only \$1.25 per 100 ft. 6th and N. Y. ave.

FOR CAMPAIGN PURPOSES.

The Emancipation of Van Wyck Withheld by Roosevelt.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—(4 a. m.)—The "World" this morning prints the text of Attorney General Davies' report to Governor Roosevelt relative to the charges of malfeasance in office made against Mayor Van Wyck in connection with the Ice Trust scandal. The Attorney General's opinion makes it appear that the evidence is insufficient to warrant the mayor's removal on the charges.

The most interesting feature of the publication is the printing of the following message:

"Sept. 26, 1900.
"To Theodore Roosevelt, Governor of New York, Cripple Creek, Col.:
"Wire Attorney General Davies to be sure not to give out to the reporters the Van Wyck answer at this time. It must be held until after the election is over. This would imperil our chances and get us in a useless wrangle. I have also wired Davies."
B. ODELL.

Mr. Odell has just been elected Governor of the State of New York.

HAPPIEST MAN IN MONTANA.

W. A. Clark Sure of His Seat in the United States Senate.

HELENA, Mont., Nov. 8.—Beyond all doubt on March 4 next William A. Clark, the New York and Butte copper king and millionaire banker, will present himself at the bar of the United States Senate with untainted credentials, as the representative of this State in that body. Complete returns from all legislative districts show that the next Legislature will be composed of 52 Clark Democrats, 23 Republicans, 13 Independent (Daily) Democrats, and 1 Populist. Therefore Clark has five more than the necessary number to elect on joint ballot. Clark is, without doubt, the happiest man in Montana, the ambition of his life being assured.

Clark made the most spectacular campaign known in the history of the State and the victory is made the more pleasant from the fact that he wrested a political control of his home party from Marcus Daly, a most dogged personal and political enemy. The twelve legislators from Butte will for the first time be Clark Democrats. Over confidence is ascribed as the chief reason for Daly losing Butte. There is much gossip as to who will be elected to the vacant seat by the expiration of Senator Thomas H. Carter's term. J. K. Toole and S. T. Hauser, of Helena, and W. G. Conrad, of Great Falls, are spoken of quite freely, but those professing to be on the inside predict that F. Augustus Heinze, the former Brooklynite, who came West twelve years ago, and who has become quite a power in the copper world, will win the top.

MARCUS DALY DYING.

The Montana Copper King Dangerously Ill in New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—The condition of Marcus Daly, the Montana copper king, who has been ill at the Hotel New Yorker for several weeks, has become critical, and it was said at the hotel early this morning that he could not live forty-eight hours longer. He became unconscious this morning at 4 o'clock, and it was thought then that he could not live through the day.

SILVER PLANK THE MILLSTONE.

James K. McGuire on the Cause of Democratic Defeat.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Nov. 8.—James K. McGuire, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Democratic State Committee during the recent campaign, today made the following statement:

"The millstone dragging the Democratic party during the campaign was the 16 to 1 plank of the Kansas City platform. That plank drove out of the party nearly every Democrat in this country. It drove out and prevented many Republicans from supporting Bryan who were inclined to oppose President McKinley on other issues. With the hand of nearly every man of substance and prospective speaker I have ever witnessed in this country was the sound money plank laid Saturday."

"I told Mr. Bryan at Lincoln last June that in my judgment no Eastern State would be found in the Democratic column if the Kansas City platform contained the 16 to 1 plank."

"Very well," he said; "I believe in it as a principle and if the convention strikes it out I will not accept the nomination."

"Senator Hill arrived that night and told Mr. Bryan that he would carry New York only with the silver plank eliminated."

WENT AGAINST BRYAN.

Senator Jones' Home County Gives a Majority for McKinley.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Nov. 8.—Arkansas Republicans are jubilant tonight over the news that Hempstead County, the home of Senator James K. Jones, gave President McKinley a majority of 119 in Tuesday's election. Lafayette and Ouachita, also carried several counties heretofore Democratic strongholds in South Arkansas, greatly to the surprise of the Democrats.

Weather strips of hardwood, with felt or rubber edging only 1 cent per foot, at 6th and N. Y. ave.

MANY CHARGES OF FRAUD

Both Parties Claiming the Governor in Kentucky.

Practically Complete Returns Give Bryan About 5,000 Plurality—A Lead of 900 for Beckham—Ballots Said to Have Been Thrown Out on Flimsy Pretexts—Contest Probable.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 8.—Practically complete returns have been received from 118 out of the 119 counties. Bryan received about 5,000 plurality. Beckham, Democrat, appears to have about 900 plurality, on the face of the returns, but every indication goes to show that the Governor's contest will be settled in the courts. Innumerable instances of fraudulent returns, arbitrary refusals to sign ballots, and ballots not counted on flimsy pretexts, have been brought to light.

These cases will be closely watched on the official count, which begins tomorrow, and, unless justice is given, the courts will be called upon to decide. There are about 2,500 of these ballots, which the Republicans claim. Nearly all these ballots are in the Third and Tenth districts, in which the race for Congress are very close.

Unless the official count shows pluralities for McKinley, E. Moss, in the Third district, and Hopkins in the Tenth, both will contest for their seats. It looks as though Samuel J. Pugh, Republican, has been elected to Congress from the Ninth district, giving the Republicans three, a gain of one, but the Democrats claim a small majority for Kehoe.

Instructions have been sent to every county in which fraud has been reported to collect evidence, and, wherever it justifies an arrest, to swear out warrants. The Republican committees will prosecute the offenders.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Nov. 8.—With the additional information brought by another day it has become clearer that it will take the official count to decide who has been elected Governor of Kentucky, and a contest becomes even more probable. The charge of fraud and counter fraud is being exchanged by leaders of both parties.

The Democrats assert that the returns from the Eleventh Congressional district have been held and doctored while the Republicans were waiting for the official count. The evidence of manipulation in a number of counties, and especially Warren, Breathitt, Lawrence, Whitley, Graves and Davies.

Telegrams have been pouring into Republican headquarters from the western and central part of the State conveying the information that under the workings of the Cochet machine the Republicans have been robbed of hundreds of votes. Chairman Combs says that there are 3,000 votes in the western part of the State which should have been counted for Yerkes that were not counted at all by the judges of election, but were put aside and spoiled. The canvassing boards meet tomorrow at 10 o'clock and the Republicans will be represented by the judges of election in each of the counties where there are irregularities and an endeavor will be made to have the votes counted.

Chairman Combs claims that Yerkes has carried the State by 772, while conceding that Bryan has received a majority over McKinley. Even Democratic figures with the most glaringly corrupted judge, Beckham a majority of about 1,000, which is practically offset by the Republican claim for Yerkes. The Republicans have refused to give out their figures in the various Congressional districts for fear the Democratic canvassing boards will throw out enough Yerkes votes to elect Beckham.

CLEAN SWEEP IN LOUISIANA.

The Democrats Carry All of the Congressional Districts.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 8.—The vote of Louisiana for President stands: Bryan, 52,113; McKinley, 15,863. Bryan's majority, 36,250. The vote by Congressional districts is as follows: First district, Meyer (Dem.), 10,154; Brophy (Rep.), 2,407; Democratic majority, 7,747. Second district, Davey (Dem.), 10,309; Headall (Rep.), 2,833; Democratic majority, 7,476. Third district, Broussard (Dem.), 9,214; Williams (Rep.), 5,369; Democratic majority, 3,845. Fourth district, Brazeeale (Dem.), 5,667; Smith (Rep.), 1,127; Democratic majority, 4,540. Fifth district, Ramsdell (Dem.), 5,546; Hartner (Rep.), 1,277; Democratic majority, 4,269. Sixth district, Robertson (Dem.), 8,120; Duane (Rep.), 2,389; Democratic majority, 5,731. The Second and Third districts were those which the Republicans expected to carry.

LITTLE HOPE FOR ADDICKS.

Delaware Legislature Republican, But Not for the Gas Man.

WILMINGTON, Del., Nov. 8.—The official count of the vote in Delaware was begun today at Dover, Wilmington, and Georgetown. But little progress was made and it will probably require all of tomorrow to decide the official vote. The situation as to the standing of the General Assembly is unchanged from yesterday on the face of the canvassing. The Republicans have a majority of five on a joint ballot, but they may be divided.

The present indications are that a sufficient number of anti-Addicks Republicans will be elected to prevent the selection of J. Edward Addicks as Senator.

MAY REACH 45,000.

California Gives McKinley an Overwhelming Majority.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 8.—Returns are coming in very slowly from country districts, but the latest figures now show that California will give 40,000 for McKinley, and the figures may even go to 45,000. Complete returns from the Second Congressional district show that Wood, Republican, has been elected by a plurality of 4,780 in a district which for years has been Democratic. So the delegation is solidly Republican for the first time in many years.

San Francisco gives a plurality of a trifle over 10,000 for McKinley and secures the banner which has been held by Alameda for eight years as the county giving the largest Republican majority. Four years ago San Francisco gave McKinley 352 plurality.

LENTZ CLAIMS FRAUD.

Returns Show a Majority of But Eight for Tompkins.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Nov. 8.—The official count in the Twelfth Congressional district of Ohio gives Emmett Tompkins, Republican, a plurality of only 8 votes over John J. Lentz, Democrat. Mr. Lentz announces that he will contest the election on the ground that votes were purchased and that medical students were illegally registered and voted.

New flooring, Rue No. 2, only \$1.75 per 100 sq. ft., by Frank Libbey & Co.



THE BELATED VINDICATION OF THE HON. MATTHEW S. QUAY.

BRYAN LOSES HIS OWN STATE.

Nebraska for McKinley, and the Legislature Republican.

OMAHA, Nov. 8.—All doubt as to Nebraska's political complexion were removed tonight. The only possible doubt remaining touches the head of the State ticket, and even the Fusion managers admit that, with the twenty obscure counties to hear from on Governor, the Fusionists must make gains over four years ago to offset the Republican lead of 2,000. All of the lost districts thus far reporting have shown steady gains for the Republicans. Republican State Chairman Lindsay said tonight:

"All doubt is removed. The McKinley electors have a majority of 7,000; the Republican State ticket is elected by 3,000. In the Legislature we have a safe majority, with twenty-three Senators and sixty Representatives, against ten Senators and thirty-seven Fusion Representatives, making a standing of the two parties on joint ballot eighty-three Republicans and forty-five Fusionists, with but three doubtful districts yet to hear from, which, of course, cannot change the result. The Congressional ticket has not been changed, unless, perhaps, the final returns may give the Republicans the Third district, electing John Hays in place of John Robinson."

Dr. Hall, Democratic State Chairman, tonight says:

"We concede the State to McKinley by a few thousand majority. The State ticket we still think doubtful, though the returns from the few counties yet to hear from are favorable to the Republicans. We do not yet abandon hope of having our own ticket elected. The Fusionists have seven counties out of ninety yet to report their figures stand: McKinley, 302,669; Bryan, 55,312; same in 1896, McKinley, 302,669; Bryan, 194,385. The Fusionist counties in 1896 gave Bryan a plurality of 3,000, so it is impossible that McKinley's lead could be cut down, even if the Fusionists were to win all the counties. On the State ticket returns complete from seventy-eight counties out of ninety give McKinley, Republican, for Governor, 32,554; Foster, 30,255. Two years ago these counties gave Hayward (Rep.) 77,237; Poynter, 77,237.

Poynter cannot recover his loss unless the ratio that has been steadily maintained should suddenly be heavily reversed. It may be tomorrow before final returns are in, but the situation in Nebraska is certainly doubtful whether he will go into the caucus.

It is intimated in the Quay camp that they are satisfied with Drury's position and also with Reynolds, Arnold, and Baker. But for the present twelve Senators and twelve members of the House in the doubtful list may be set down in the anti-Quay caucus may be the test as before and all the power of both sides will be exerted to keep their followers in or out of the caucus. A close canvass of the House today gave the Quay men 102 anti-Quay 57, and Democrats 45. This would show a tie as between the Quay men and the Fusionists and insurgents combined. The same calculation divides the fifty Senators equally between the Quay men and the Fusionists and insurgents, making a total on joint ballot of 127 for Quay and the same number for the combined opposition. Adding to the Quay total the 12 votes embraced in the list of anti-Quay Senators and members who will go into the caucus would give him 119, or 11 more than necessary to elect.

All sorts of stories are floating in Harborsburg now as to the real affiliations of this and that legislator-elect, but it will be the same number for the combined opposition.

Trains for Marlboro Races.

Leave District Line Station, Chesapeake Beach Railway, 12:30 p. m. Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday. Only 40 cents round trip.

Felt and rubber weather strip, 1 cent per linear foot; best in the market, too, at 6th and N. Y. ave.

ODDS IN FAVOR OF QUAY

Stalwarts Claim Enough Votes to Elect Him Senator.

Result Very Much in Doubt—Anti-Machine Republicans Confident of Defeating the Pennsylvania Boss—Nothing Certain Until a Caucus Is Held—Both Sides Secretive.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Nov. 8.—Later and more complete returns from several districts which were close have altered somewhat yesterday's estimate regarding the Legislature, and it is now privately admitted that the contest for the vacant seat in the United States Senate is exceedingly close between the Quay and anti-Quay men, with the odds slightly in favor of Quay.

The Stalwart leaders will not admit that there is any doubt, but they are aware that they must depend almost entirely upon what are known as anti-Quay caucus men, those who will go into the Republican caucus, vote against Quay, and abide by the decision of the majority. In this list are included Senators Spruel of Chester, Drury of Luzerne, Stewart of Franklin, and Baker of Washington; Representatives-elect McPherson of Adams, Thompson of Centre, Alexander of Clearfield, Welby of Franklin, Reynolds of Lackawanna, Gochardes of Northumberland, Arnold of Perry, and Barker of Warren.

Of course the Quay men are not placarding all their men and it is difficult to make an accurate forecast of the final round up. This same reticence characterizes the statements of the anti-Quay leaders. Each faction is keeping certain expected votes under cover. Regarding Stewart of Franklin, there is no definite understanding as to his probable course in the joint convention. He is anti-Quay, as he has said himself, not so much on account of his antagonism to Quay personally, but because he does not like those who are known as the chief lieutenants of the Beaver statesman. It is therefore doubtful whether he will go into the caucus.

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PLATT'S LITTLE SCHEME

Plans to Obtain Control of New York City Elections.

To Force a Bill Through the Legislature Establishing a "Non-Partisan" Police Board—Plenty of Votes to Pass the Measure—Governor-Elect Odell Silent on the Matter.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—The Legislature does not meet until the first Wednesday in January, yet already there is talk of passing some sort of a police bill for New York City, to take the control of elections out of the hands of the municipal government and give it over to the tender mercies of the Platt machine. Senator Platt is for such a bill. Today he said:

"We now have comfortable Republican majorities in both Senate and Assembly in the State, and we will surely undertake to pass such a bill. I myself have long been an advocate of it. The time seems now to have come when we can put it through."

"I cannot now state anything definitely about the details of the bill we will pass. They must receive careful attention later on, to obtain the most beneficial results. We will pass it without a doubt, for the necessity of the measure is too obvious for any Republican to object to. I hear that some persons are already objecting to it on the ground that it is a violation of home rule, but the persons who are advocating this argument are those who say the same thing of any bill which may be supported and passed by the Republicans."

"However, such a bill will be pushed through as cannot be objected to by the strongest advocates of home rule in the State, except those Democrats who have been profiting by the existing law. My object in seeking to put forward this bill is my long expressed desire that the police department should be taken out of party politics entirely, and that is what the bill will contemplate. I do not think any fair-minded person will object to this. The measure will provide, therefore, for a complete reorganization in practical detail of management and jurisdiction of the police department not only in this city, but in all the larger cities throughout the State."

"I certainly think that the drawing up and passage of this bill will be the first and primary business of the State Legislature next winter, and I think every member of the Legislature will be glad to see it pass. It appears of immediate importance."

Some Republicans favor a State constabulary bill similar to the bill introduced last winter and defeated by Senators Armstrong and Parsons of Missouri.

The Democrats will fight this as a revolutionary measure, violating every principle of home rule, but it looks very much as though the Republicans intend to do as Platt says.

Governor-elect Benjamin B. Odell, Jr., went to Newburg today after having spent most of the day at Republican headquarters in the Fifth Avenue Hotel. A large number of visitors called and congratulated him and a basketful of congratulatory telegrams and letters awaited his attention.

Mr. Odell said that he would like to acknowledge publicly the effective work which had been done by his friends during the campaign, and he particularly mentioned Charles Streckler, who, he said, had been energetic and untiring in hard work and valuable suggestions, and the anti-Quay men who have announced their purpose to go into the caucus may determine the struggle in favor of Quay.

A prominent Quay Senator said today that he personally knew of four members of the House who are counted as against Quay who are in fact for him. Similar statements are made by the anti-Quay leaders and as it looks now the guessing will proceed as before until there is a showdown in the caucus.

SOLD TO THE UNITED STATES.

Spain Parts With Her Last Possessions in Oceania.

MADRID, Nov. 8.—At a Cabinet council today, at which the Queen Regent presided, General Azarraga, the Prime Minister, announced that a convention between Spain and the United States had been signed at Washington November 7 ending the islands of Cayman and Sibutu to the United States for the sum of \$100,000. These islands were Spain's last possessions in Oceania.

VICTORY FOR IMPERIALISM.

Comment of Italian Press on the Re-election of McKinley.

ROME, Nov. 8.—The re-election of President McKinley is generally regarded here as a victory for imperialism tendencies, but as more advantageous to Europe than to America. Some of the papers refer to Mr. McKinley's personally sympathetic attitude toward Italy, but others are less appreciative. The "Ora" says: "The re-election of McKinley is a victory for imperialism. The 'Avanti,' a Socialist organ, says it is satisfied with the result of the election, professing to believe that it will give impetus to Socialism."

MENACE TO WEAK NATIONS.

Spanish Regret Over the Election of Mr. McKinley.

MADRID, Nov. 8.—The newspapers here of all shades of opinion express regret over the re-election of President McKinley. Their sympathies were with Mr. Bryan. Several of the papers declare that Mr. McKinley's triumph following the victory of imperialism in Great Britain is a menace to weak nations.

IDAHO SAFELY DEMOCRATIC.

Bryan Electors Chosen by a Majority of About 2,000.

IDAHO CITY, Idaho, Nov. 8.—The Bryan electors were chosen in Idaho by a majority of about 2,000. The State Fusion ticket of Democrats, Silver Republicans, and Populists was carried by from 1,100 to 2,300, and the Legislature will be forty-two to forty-eight Fusionists out of seventy. This will defeat Senator Shoup for re-election and elect ex-Senator Fred Dubois.

Favorable German Comment.

BERLIN, Nov. 8.—The semi-official "North German Gazette" congratulates President McKinley on his re-election, and says it is confident that he will continue to promote friendly relations between Germany and the United States.

\$1.25 to Baltimore and Return via B. & O. Saturday and Sunday.

Small lumber orders invited—quick delivery—keep everything necessary for repairs. F. Libbey & Co.